

Exam Number/Code:TB0-111

Exam Name:TIBCO Rendezvous®
8 Exam

Version: Demo

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QUESTION NO: 1

The following is the declaration of secure daemon in Rendezvous C API: `tibrv_status tibrvSecureDaemon_SetUserCertWithKey(const char* userCertWithKey, const char* password);`

Which two statements are correct about this function? (Choose two.)

- A. The password parameter is used to decrypt the private key.
- B. The password parameter is used for the password for this user.
- C. The `userCertWithKey` parameter is used to register user certificate with a private key. The text of this certificate must be in PEM encoding.
- D. The `userCertWithKey` parameter is used to register user certificate with a private key. The text of this certificate may be in PEM or PK12 encoding.

Answer: A,C

QUESTION NO: 2

Which statement is correct about Rendezvous fault-tolerant groups (RVFTs)?

- A. RVFT is an election protocol that tells an application when it is active or inactive.
- B. RVFT can only be utilized for message producers, not for message consumers.
- C. For reliable consumers bound to an RVFT transport, the RVFT transport automatically disables subscriptions if the fault-tolerant group member becomes inactive.
- D. For certified consumers bound to an RVFT transport, the RVFT transport automatically confirms messages if the fault-tolerant group member becomes inactive.
- E. For certified consumers bound to an RVFT transport, the RVFT transport automatically cancels the certified agreement if the fault-tolerant group member becomes inactive.

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 3

Which advisory message does a Rendezvous fault-tolerant member present when other group members use parameters that do not match its corresponding parameters?

- A. `_RV.ERROR.RVFT.PARAM_MISMATCH.group`
- B. `_RV.ERROR.RVFT.PARAM_COLLISION.group`
- C. `_RV.ERROR.RVFT.MEMBER_UNAVAILABLE.group`
- D. `_RV.ERROR.RVFT.MEMBER_PARAM_MISMATCH.group`

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 4

Which three activities can be configured through the Rendezvous routing daemon (RVRD) HTTP interface to be routinely output to the RVRD log file? (Choose three.)

- A. Subject Data: to log all messages that this routing daemon forwards to its neighbors or receives from its neighbors
- B. Connections: to log connection activity whenever this routing daemon establishes or closes a connection to a neighbor
- C. Client: to log RVRD local client connection activity whenever a client application establishes or closes a connection to the routing daemon
- D. Subject interest: to log all subscription requests (notification of listening) that this routing daemon sends to its neighbors or receives from its neighbors
- E. Remote: to log RVRD remote client connection activity whenever a remote client application establishes or closes a connection to the routing daemon

Answer: A,B,D

QUESTION NO: 5

Which two situations can trigger the presentation of a SCHEDULER.OVERFLOW advisory?

(Choose two.)

- A. Scheduler has set a task backlog limit.
- B. Scheduler has not set a task backlog limit.
- C. Scheduler is accepting new tasks, but discarding old ones on a FIFO basis.
- D. The Scheduler backlog limit has been reached and new tasks are being discarded.

Answer: A,D

QUESTION NO: 6

With TIBCO Rendezvous messaging, which networking protocol does the client application use to connect to the Rendezvous daemon (RVD)?

- A. SSL
- B. TCP
- C. UDP
- D. HTTP

Answer: D

QUESTION NO: 7

Which two statements are correct about certified delivery confirmation? (Choose two.)

- A. Explicit confirmation of message delivery by the listening program is the default behavior.
- B. When confirmation reaches the certified sender, the transport presents a DELIVERY.CONFIRM advisory.
- C. Automatic confirmation of message delivery upon return from the callback function is the default behavior.
- D. When confirmation reaches the certified listener, the transport presents a DELIVERY.CONFIRM advisory.
- E. When confirmation reaches the certified sender, the transport presents a DELIVERY.COMPLETE advisory.

Answer: B,C

QUESTION NO: 8

When programming a TIBCO Rendezvous fault-tolerant application, it is a documented best practice to associate fault-tolerant member events with _____.

- A. a low-priority queue
- B. a high-priority queue
- C. a system event queue
- D. the default event queue

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 9

You plan to test a network to ensure that it meets the following requirements: 100,000 point-to-point messages to be published by a single source in batch mode with ten messages per batch with an interval gap of 10 milliseconds. What is the correct rvperf command to start a test run?

- A. `rvperf -service 7501 -daemon 7500 -inbox -messages 100000 -interval 10 -batch 10`
- B. `rvperf -service 7500 -daemon 7500 -inbox -messages 100000 -interval 0.01 -batch 10`
- C. `rvperf -service 7500 -daemon 7500 -subject PTP -messages 100000 -interval 10 -batch 10`
- D. `rvperf -service 7501 -daemon 7500 -subject _INBOX -messages 100000 -interval 10 -batch 10`
- E. `rvperf -service 7501 -daemon 7500 -subject _PTP -messages 100000 -interval 0.01 -batch 10`

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 10

tibrvlistenis started with the following settings: -network ";224.2.2.2;224.6.6.6" "mytest"
tibrvsend is started with the following settings: -network ";224.6.6.6;224.2.2.2" "mytest".
"message #1" What is the expected result?

- A. The listener receives "message #1" only when run on a different host than the sender.
- B. The listener does not receive "message #1" when run on a different host than the sender.
- C. The listener will receive the message only if both the listener and sender run on the same host.
- D. The listener will receive the message only if both the listener and sender connect remotely to the same daemon.

Answer: A