



-The original certification question!

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Exam Number:PRINCE2

Exam Name:PRINCE2 Foundation

Version: Demo

Which product records any project outcomes perceived as negative by stakeholders?

- A. Business Case
- B. Project Plan
- C. Communication Management Strategy
- D. Project Product Description

Answer: A

Q2 What is the definition of a project outcome?

A. A measurable improvement that is perceived as an advantage by one or more stakeholders

- B. The reason for the project
- C. The result of the change derived from using the project's outputs
- D. The project's specialist products.

Answer: C

Q3

Which is NOT a purpose of a Benefits Review Plan?

- A. Define the period over which the cost-benefit analysis will be based
- B. Describe how to measure the performance of the project's products in operational use
- C. Define the scope, timing and ownership of the benefit reviews required

D. Describe how to measure and confirm any benefits that are to be realised after the project is closed

Answer: A

Q4

Which product documents the information needed to demonstrate continued business justification?

- A. Business Case
- B. Communication Management Strategy
- C. Project Product Description

D. Quality Management Strategy

Answer: A

Q5

Which is NOT a purpose of a Benefits Review Plan?

A. Define the period over which the cost-benefit analysis will be based

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C. Define the scope, timing and ownership of the benefit reviews required

D. Describe how to measure and confirm any benefits that are to be realised after the project is closed

Answer: A

Q6 What is an off-specification?

A. A new requirementB. A quality toleranceC. A type of issueD. A major risk

Answer: C

Q7 Which is a type of issue?

A. A lessonB. A request for changeC. An Exception ReportD. A risk with an estimated high impact

Answer: B

Which is a typical core activity within configuration management?

A. Quality assurance

- B. Risk management
- C. Verification and audit
- D. Progress reporting

Answer: C

Q9

Which is a typical core activity within configuration management?

- A. Issue management
- B. Quality inspection
- C. Identification
- D. Preparation

Answer: C

Q10

What needs to be in place to ensure effective issue and change control?

- A. Configuration management system
- B. Manage by exception
- C. Quality planning
- D. Information needs for stakeholders

Answer: A

Q11 Which should be funded by a change budget?

- A. Increase in agreed scope
- B. Initiation stage
- C. Change Authority
- D. Handover activities

Answer: A

Q12 Which should be funded from a change budget?

- A. The Starting up a Project process
- B. A fallback plan
- C. An agreed change to the scope of a project
- D. A change to a plan, within allocated tolerances, due to poor estimating

Answer: C

Q13

Which is the Issue Register NOT used for?

- A. Capture external events that are impacting a stage
- B. Record information about a deviation in stage tolerance
- C. Capture any threats or opportunities that might have an impact on a stage
- D. Record any problems identified when authorizing a Work Package

Answer: C

Q14

If the Project Board instructs the Project Manager to implement a request for change, which document would contain details of that change?

A. Checkpoint Report

- B. Highlight Report
- C. Issue Report
- D. Product Status Account

Answer: C

Q15 Which is the purpose of the Change theme?

- A. Prevent change to baselined products
- B. Identify, assess and control any potential and approved changes to baselined products
- C. Establish mechanisms to monitor and compare actual achievements against those planned
- D. Assess and control uncertainty

Answer: B

Q16

Which step in the issue and change control procedure considers alternative options for responding to an issue that is being managed formally?

- A. Capture
- B. Examine
- C. Propose
- D. Decide

Answer: C

Q17

A product can NOT be supplied to meet all of the requirements in its baselined Product Description. What first action should be taken?

- A. Raise a request for change
- B. Raise an off-specification
- C. Write an Exception Report
- D. Amend the Work Package

Answer: B

Q18

Which of the following statements about the Closing a Project process are true?

1. The Closing a Project process provides a fixed point for the receipt of completed Work Packages for the work performed in the final stage.

2. The Closing a Project process provides a fixed point to review if the objectives set out in the original Project Initiation Documentation have been achieved.

- A. Only 1 is true
- B. Only 2 is true
- C. Both 1 and 2 are true
- D. Neither 1 or 2 are true

Answer: B

Q19

What takes place during the Closing a Project process?

- A. The post-project benefits reviews are performed
- B. Ownership of the project's products is transferred to the customer
- C. An End Stage Report is prepared for the final stage
- D. The project closure notification is reviewed and approved

Answer: B

Q20

Which is an objective of the Closing a Project process?

- A. Prepare the plan for the next stage
- B. Assess any benefits that have already been realized
- C. Produce a Benefits Review Plan to identify what benefits are expected
- D. Check that all benefits are realized before closing a project

Answer: B

Q21

Which is a purpose of the Closing a Project process?

A. Authorize the final stage of the project

B. Confirm that all benefits defined in the Business Case have been achieved

C. Recognize whether objectives set out in the original Project Initiation Documentation have been achieved

D. Delegate day-to-day management of the end of the project to the Project Manager

Answer: C

Q22

Which should be used to document any uncompleted work that needs to be done to a project product after the project has closed?

A. Off-specifications

- B. Follow-on action recommendations
- C. Issue Register
- D. Risk Register

Answer: B

Q23 Which is an objective of the Closing a Project process?

- A. Review and approve the plan for project closure
- B. Review the performance of the project against its baseline
- C. Perform any post-project reviews
- D. Create a Benefits Review Plan

Answer: B

Q24

Which is a purpose of the Controlling a Stage process?

- A. Produce a Team Plan for the work to be assigned to a Team Manager
- B. Select and implement actions that will resolve deviations from a plan within tolerance
- C. Obtain approvals for products delivered in a Work Package
- D. Update a Project Plan to incorporate the actuals from a Stage Plan

Answer: B

Q25

What process ensures focus on the delivery of a stage's products and avoids uncontrolled change?

- A. Directing a Project
- B. Managing a Stage Boundary
- C. Controlling a Stage
- D. Starting up a Project

Answer: C

Which process is triggered towards the end of the final stage when all the assigned work has been completed?

- A. Managing a Stage Boundary
- B. Managing Product Delivery
- C. Closing a Project
- D. Controlling a Stage

Answer: C

Q27

Which is a purpose of the Controlling a Stage process?

A. Assign work to be done and take corrective action to ensure that the stage remains within tolerance

B. Provide a fixed reference point at which acceptance for the project product is confirmed

C. Enable the Project Board to be provided with sufficient information to authorize the next stage

D. Enable the organization to understand the work that needs to be done to deliver the project's products

Answer: A

Q28

What process is used by the Project Manager to maintain focus on delivery of a stage's products within agreed tolerances?

- A. Directing a Project
- B. Controlling a Stage
- C. Managing a Stage Boundary
- D. Managing Product Delivery

Answer: B

Q29

In which product does a Project Manager define the time and cost tolerances for the work to be done by a Team Manager?

- A. Product Description
- B. Team Plan
- C. Work Package
- D. Stage Plan

Answer: C

Q30 Which is a purpose of the Directing a Project process?

- A. Create and authorize the project mandate
- B. Ensure that work on products allocated to the team is authorized and agreed
- C. Control the day-to-day running of the project
- D. Delegate day-to-day management of the project to the Project Manager

Answer: D

Q31

Which is a purpose of the Directing a Project process?

- A. Provide the information required to confirm if it is worthwhile to initiate a project
- B. Enable overall control of a project to be exercised by the Project Board
- C. Establish the level of control required by the Project Board after initiation.

D. Provide sufficient information so that the current stage can be reviewed and the next Stage Plan approved

Answer: B

Q32 Which is an objective of the Directing a Project process?

- A. Create and authorize the project mandate
- B. Provide management control and direction
- C. Control the day-to-day running of the project
- D. Provide accurate progress information to the Project Manager

Answer: B

Q33

In what process is the authorization to deliver the project's products given?

- A. Starting up a Project
- B. Initiating a Project
- C. Managing a Stage Boundary
- D. Directing a Project

Answer: D

Q34

Who should act as the communication channel between a project and corporate or programme management?

- A. Project Board
- B. Project Assurance
- C. Project Manager
- D. Project Support

Answer: A

Q35 Which statement about the Directing a Project process is true?

A. Provides a mechanism for the Project Board to assure that there is continued business justification

- B. Covers the day-to-day activities of the Project Manager
- C. Ensures there are regular progress meetings
- D. Begins on completion of the Initiating a Project process

Answer: A

Which of the following statements about the Project Initiation Documentation are true?

1. The Project Initiation Documentation is used to ensure that a sound basis exists before the Project Board authorizes a project.

2. The Project Initiation Documentation should be updated at the end of each stage to reflect the current status of a project.

- A. Only 1 is true
- B. Only 2 is true
- C. Both 1 and 2 are true
- D. Neither 1 or 2 are true

Answer: C

Q37

Which is an objective of the Initiating a Project process?

A. Develop the corporate quality management system as part of the Project Initiation Documentation

B. Prepare the plans for the subsequent stages

C. Summarize how the organization's project management method will be tailored for the project

D. Request authority from corporate management to deliver the project

Answer: C

Q38

Which is NOT a purpose of the Initiating a Project process?

A. Enable a Project Board decision about the commitment of resources to a project

B. Enable an organization to understand the work that needs to be done to deliver a project's products before a project is approved

C. Establish solid foundations for a project

D. Enable the Project Board to decide whether it is worthwhile to initiate a project

Answer: D

Which plan provides the Business Case with costs during the Initiating a Project process?

- A. Initiation Stage Plan
- B. Project Plan
- C. Stage Plan
- D. Team Plan

Answer: B

Q40

Which is the base product against which the Project Board can assess progress, issues and ongoing viability

questions?

- A. Project Brief
- B. Project Initiation Documentation
- C. Project mandate
- D. Benefits Review Plan

Answer: B

Q41 Why is the Initiating a Project process used?

A. To decide which project approach is suitable for the project

B. To fully understand how the project objectives will be achieved before committing significant resources

C. To produce the required Work Packages

D. To enable corporate or programme management to give authorization to deliver a project

Answer: B

Q42

Which is a purpose of the Initiating a Project process?

- A. Decide if it is worthwhile to initiate a project
- B. Decide on the project approach
- C. Establish solid foundations for a project
- D. Identify the number of Work Packages required

Answer: C

Q43

Which is a purpose of the Managing Product Delivery process?

A. Enable the Senior Supplier to be provided with sufficient information by the Project Manager

- so that they can review the success of the current Work Package
- B. Provide a controlled link between the Project Manager and the Team Manager(s)
- C. Enable the Project Board to request updates to the current Team Plan
- D. Establish solid foundations for the project

Answer: B

Q44

From whom does a Team Manager obtain approval for a completed product?

- A. Project Manager
- B. Project Support
- C. The authority defined in the Product Description
- D. Senior Supplier

Answer: C

Q45

Which is an objective of the Managing Product Delivery process?

- A. Sign-off completed Work Packages
- B. Ensure the Business Case is kept under review
- C. Report progress to the Project Board
- D. Ensure that work on products is authorized and agreed with the team

Answer: D

What process aims to ensure accurate progress information is provided to the Project Manager?

- A. Starting up a Project
- B. Managing a Stage Boundary
- C. Managing Product Delivery
- D. Directing a Project

Answer: C

Q47

Which process covers the work done by external suppliers who may NOT be using PRINCE2?

- A. Closing a Project
- B. Managing a Stage Boundary
- C. Managing Product Delivery
- D. Directing a Project

Answer: C

Q48

Which two roles are linked by the Managing Product Delivery process?

- A. Corporate or programme management and Project Board
- B. Project Board and Project Manager
- C. Project Manager and Team Manager
- D. Team Manager and external supplier

Answer: C

Q49

What is the collective name for individuals or groups who may be affected by a project?

- A. Customers
- B. Project Support
- C. Stakeholders

D. Team members

Answer: C