# Exam Number/Code:CGEIT

**Exam Name:** ISACA CGEIT Certification Practice Test

Version: Demo

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### **QUESTION NO: 1**

You are the project manager of the NHQ project for your company. You are working with your project team to complete a risk audit. A recent issue that your project team responded to, and management approved, was to increase the project schedule because there was risk surrounding the installation time of a new material. Your logic was that with the expanded schedule there would be time to complete the installation without affecting downstream project activities. What type of risk response is being audited in this scenario?

A. Avoidance

B. Mitigation

C. Parkinson's Law

D. Lag Time

Answer: A

## QUESTION NO: 2

You are the project manager for your organization. You are preparing for the quantitative risk analysis. Mark, a project team member, wants to know why you need to do quantitative risk analysis when you just completed qualitative risk analysis. Which one of the following statements best defines what quantitative risk analysis is?

- A. Quantitative risk analysis is the process of prioritizing risks for further analysis or action by assessing and combining their probability of occurrence and impact.
- B. Quantitative risk analysis is the planning and quantification of risk responses based on probability and impact of each risk event.
- C. Quantitative risk analysis is the review of the risk events with the high probability and the highest impact on the project objectives.
- D. Quantitative risk analysis is the process of numerically analyzing the effect of identified risks on overall project objectives.

Answer: D

#### QUESTION NO: 3

Your project spans the entire organization. You would like to assess the risk of the project but are worried that some of the managers involved in the project could affect the outcome of any risk identification meeting. Your worry is based on the fact that some employees would not want to publicly identify risk events that could make their supervisors look bad. You would like a method that would allow participants to anonymously identify risk events. What risk identification method could you use?

### A. Delphi technique

- B. Isolated pilot groups
- C. SWOT analysis
- D. Root cause analysis

Answer: A

# QUESTION NO: 4 CORRECT TEXT

Fill in the blank with an appropriate phrase.

models address specifications, requirements, design, verification and validation, and maintenance activities.

A. Life cycle

Answer: A

# QUESTION NO: 5 CORRECT TEXT

Fill in the blank with an appropriate word.

is also referred to as corporate governance, and covers issues such as board structures, roles and executive remuneration.

A. Conformance

Answer: A

## **QUESTION NO: 6**

Which of the following is NOT a sub-process of Service Portfolio Management?

- A. Service Portfolio Update
- B. Business Planning Data
- C. Strategic Planning
- D. Strategic Service Assessment
- E. Service Strategy Definition

Answer: B

## **QUESTION NO: 7**

Mary is the business analyst for your organization. She asks you what the purpose of the assess capability gaps task is. Which of the following is the best response to give Mary?

A. It identifies the causal factors that are contributing to an effect the solution will solve.

B. It identifies new capabilities required by the organization to meet the business need.

C. It describes the ends that the organization wants to improve.

D. It identifies the skill gaps in the existing resources.

Answer: B

**QUESTION NO: 8** 

Which of the following are the roles of a CEO in the Resource management framework? Each correct answer represents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.

A. Organizing and facilitating IT strategic implementations

B. Establishment of business priorities & allocation of resources for IT performance

C. Overseeing the aggregate IT funding

D. Capitalization on knowledge & information

Answer: A,B,D

QUESTION NO: 9 CORRECT TEXT

Fill in the blank with an appropriate phrase.

is the study of how the variation (uncertainty) in the output of a mathematical model can be apportioned, qualitatively or quantitatively, to different sources of variation in the input of a model

A. Sensitivity analysis

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 10

Which of the following is a process that occurs due to mergers, outsourcing or changing business needs?

A. Voluntary exit

B. Plant closing

C. Involuntary exit

D. Outplacement

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 11 CORRECT TEXT

Fill in the blank with the appropriate word. An is a resource, process, product, computing infrastructure, and so forth that an organization has determined must be protected.

A. asset

Answer: A

**QUESTION NO: 12** 

You work as a project manager for TYU project. You are planning for risk mitigation. You need to identify the risks that will need a more in-depth analysis. Which of the following activities will help you in this?

- A. Estimate activity duration
- B. Quantitative analysis
- C. Qualitative analysis
- D. Risk identification

Answer: C

**QUESTION NO: 13** 

An organization supports both programs and projects for various industries. What is a portfolio?

- A. A portfolio describes all of the monies that are invested in the organization.
- B. A portfolio is the total amount of funds that have been invested in programs, projects, and operations.
- C. A portfolio describes any project or program within one industry or application area.
- D. A portfolio describes the organization of related projects, programs, and operations.

Answer: D

**QUESTION NO: 14** 

Your organization mainly focuses on the production of bicycles for selling it around the world. In addition to this, the organization also produces scooters. Management wants to restrict its line of production to bicycles. Therefore, it decides to sell the scooter production department to another competitor. Which of the following terms best describes the sale of the scooter production department to your competitor?

- A. Corporate restructure
- B. Divestiture
- C. Rightsizing
- D. Outsourcing

Answer: B

**QUESTION NO: 15** 

You are the business analyst for your organization and are preparing to conduct stakeholder analysis. As part of this process you realize that you'll need several inputs. Which one of the following is NOT an input you'll use for the conduct stakeholder analysis task?

- A. Organizational process assets
- B. Enterprise architecture
- C. Business need
- D. Enterprise environmental factors

Answer: D

**QUESTION NO: 16** 

Which of the following is the process of comparing the business processes and performance metrics including cost, cycle time, productivity, or quality?

- A. Agreement
- B. COBIT
- C. Service Improvement Plan
- D. Benchmarking

Answer: D

**QUESTION NO: 17** 

You are the project manager of a large project that will last four years. In this project, you would like to model the risk based on its distribution, impact, and other factors.

There are three modeling techniques that a project manager can use to include both eventoriented and project oriented analysis. Which modeling technique does NOT provide eventoriented and project oriented analysis for identified risks?

- A. Modeling and simulation
- B. Expected monetary value

C. Sensitivity analysis

D. Jo-Hari Window

Answer: D

**QUESTION NO: 18** 

Which of the following processes is described in the statement below?

"This is the process of numerically analyzing the effect of identified risks on overall project

objectives."

A. Identify Risks

B. Perform Qualitative Risk Analysis

C. Perform Quantitative Risk Analysis

D. Monitor and Control Risks

Answer: C

**QUESTION NO: 19** 

Benchmarking is a continuous process that can be time consuming to do correctly. Which of the following guidelines for performing benchmarking identifies the critical processes and creates measurement techniques to grade the process?

A. Research

B. Adapt

C. Plan

D. Improve

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 20

Jenny is the project manager for the NBT projects. She is working with the project team and several subject matter experts to perform the quantitative risk analysis process.

During this process she and the project team uncover several risks events that were not previously identified. What should Jenny do with these risk events?

A. The events should be determined if they need to be accepted or responded to.

B. The events should be entered into the risk register.

C. The events should continue on with quantitative risk analysis.

D. The events should be entered into qualitative risk analysis.

Answer: B

**QUESTION NO: 21** 

Beth is a project team member on the JHG Project. Beth has added extra features to the project and this has introduced new risks to the project work. The project manager of the

JHG project elects to remove the features Beth has added. The process of removing the

extra features to remove the risks is called what?

A. Corrective action

B. Preventive action

C. Scope creep

D. Defect repair

Answer: B

**QUESTION NO: 22** 

Which of the following elements of planning gap measures the gap between the total potential for the market and the actual current usage by all the consumers in the market?

A. Project gap

B. Competitive gap

C. Usage gap

D. Product gap

Answer: C

**QUESTION NO: 23** 

Mark is the project manager of the BFL project for his organization. He and the project team are creating a probability and impact matrix using RAG rating. There is some confusion and disagreement among the project team as to how a certain risk is important and priority for attention should be managed. Where can Mark determine the priority of a

risk given its probability and impact?

A. Risk response plan

B. Look-up table

C. Project sponsor

D. Risk management plan

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 24

Which of the following processes is responsible for low risk, frequently occurring low cost changes?

- A. Incident Management
- B. IT Facilities Management
- C. Release Management
- D. Request Fulfillment

Answer: D

## **QUESTION NO: 25**

You are a management consultant. WebTech Inc., an e-commerce organization, hires you to analyze its SWOT. Which of the following factors will you not consider for the SWOT analysis?

- A. Bandwidth
- B. Pricing
- C. Product
- D. Promotion

Answer: A